

Russians Do Not Halt In Their Advance Against Austrians

of Gallia, with the exception of the narrow western neck at the head of which stands Cracow.

RUSSIAN AND GERMAN ARMY

Along the western frontier of Poland, which the Germans have been threatening for some time, they are now reported to be fortifying themselves. In fact from Cracow to the extreme North of East Prussia, the Russian and German armies apparently are facing each other across the boundary, each waiting for a favorable opportunity to attack. The Germans are satisfied they have rid themselves of the Russians in East Prussia and are sending a commission to that country to re-establish the inhabitants who fled when the Russian invasion drove everything before it.

There are signs of activity in the Adriatic, where the Anglo-French fleet has been waiting in the hope that the Austrian fleet would show itself. This is a difficult sea for naval operations. To minimize this, allies have taken the islands of Pelagos and Lissa, splendid bases for small craft, wishing to intercept larger vessels entering the sea. The taking of these islands will afford the allies better protection in their attacks against Cattaro.

There have been additional skirmishes in South Africa. The British have taken Ladburg, Bay known also as Augra Begalia, and one or two ports of German Southwest Africa.

ENGLAND IS STEADILY

England is going steadily ahead with the formation of new armies. The more advanced recruits, including many men who fought in South Africa and in England's "military" were reviewed by the King to-day. These less advanced are being trained in all parts of the country by drill sergeants, hundreds of whom have rejoined the colors for this purpose.

As Premier Asquith, who had been in Ireland addressing recruiting meetings, left Kingston to-day the great crowd on the pier sang "God Save the King" and "Come Back to Erin." The singing of the national anthem at the close of last night's meeting in Dublin, was the first time that hymn has been sung in many years at a gathering of nationalists in the Irish capital.

ATTACK ALONG FRONT

RUSSIAN ADVANCE EVERYWHERE

PARIS, September 26 (11:04 P. M.).—The following communication was issued to-night:

"The enemy has attacked along the entire front, but everywhere has been repulsed."

"On our left wing we are making progress."

"On the heights of the Meuse the situation remains unchanged."

"In the Woerthe region we continue to gain ground."

FIGHT PRACTICALLY WITHOUT CESSATION

PARIS, September 26.—For fourteen days and nights the battle of the Aisne has continued practically without cessation, and still the world waits for news of some decisive result.

Here and there, according to the official communications, the line has given way to one side or the other, but the importance of these incidents, if any, on the final result has not yet become apparent.

The latest French official statement mentions several successful movements. On the French left wing to the northwest of Noyon, where the French apparently have been trying to outflank the German right, the advanced French troops, it is announced, were compelled to give a little ground, having come in contact with superior forces. Fresh troops were brought up, however, and the French offensive was vigorously resumed. The communication said the struggle in this region has become extremely violent.

Similarly on the right wing of the Meuse the Germans have had success, but they have not been able, the French communication says, to cross the river.

The French report says that on their right wing the Germans have begun to give away to attacks from Nancy and Toul, while in the southern region of Woerthe the enemy is also retreating, but the action continues.

GERMAN EMPEROR'S SON

EXAMINED IN HOSPITAL

LONDON, September 26 (7:05 P. M.).—Prince Oskar, Emperor William's fifth son, has been obliged, because of heart weakness, to enter a hospital, according to a telegram received from Berlin, which was forwarded to the London correspondent of Reuters.

LARGE AUSTRIAN FORCE

WIPED OUT BY CLEVER RUSS

PETROGRAD, September 26 (via London).—The Russian-Slovack has obtained from wounded soldiers, it is said, a description of a clever ruse, whereby a small Russian detachment in Gallia virtually wiped out a large Austrian force. Its account says:

"According to a prearranged plan, several squadrons of Cossacks and artillerymen simulating retreat, began to fall back rapidly under cover of the infantry."

"The Austrians rose to the bait and emerged from their trenches in pursuit, in the direction of a small river, where companies of Russian infantry checked the further advance of the Austrians by firing from the bushes. The Cossacks and artillery, crossing by a bridge, began to fire from the opposite bank, while the artillery hid their guns in the trenches under the bushes unperceived by the enemy."

"When the preparations were complete for the enemy's reception the infantry hurriedly retreated to the opposite bank, where they pretended to set fire to the bridge as though intending to cut off the enemy's advance."

"The Austrian troops, seeing before them a small body of Russians, blindly charged. The enemy's infantry, with shouts of victory, approached the bridge while their cavalry dashed through the river."

"Suddenly a terrific explosion was heard, and the bridge, crowded with masses of Austrian columns, was blown to pieces, while on the opposite bank the Russian guns and quick-firing batteries scattered death among the advancing Austrians until the river was choked with bodies."

"The stricken, the foe attempted to flee, throwing away their weapons, but the Cossacks consummated the work of demolition, forcing the stream and pursuing the enemy with yells of triumph."

"Half an hour later it was all over, and several Austrian battalions had ceased to exist."

JAPANESE EMBASSY

ISSUES STATEMENT

WASHINGTON, September 26.—The Japanese embassy to-day issued this statement, based on official reports from Tokyo:

"Recent cablegrams from China can only be credited with a grain of salt. There are sinister efforts now being made in China, and elsewhere, to give color to domestic newspapers reports and telegrams going abroad. Groundless reports, designed to cast a slur on the reputation of the Japanese soldiers are thus more or less disseminated."

"The alleged ruthless conduct of Japanese troops in Shantung, said to be contained in a letter coming from Lanchow, is nothing more or less than a malicious canard."

"A dispatch addressed to the Shanghai Mercury, by a foreigner living in Peking, says in part:

"The discipline of the Japanese army and the decorum of the rank and file are highly laudable. After the landing of Japanese troops, the citizens are at ease and markets are calm. As to Chinese women, the Japanese are taking scrupulous care not to annoy them in any way. The Japanese soldiers are received everywhere with hearty welcome."

"In line, the Japanese soldiers are living up to their reputation as established at the time of the Russo-Japanese War and the Boxer trouble. The strictest maintenance of military discipline and the utter abstention from unnecessary molestations are their code of behavior."

CASUALTY LIST GIVEN

NAMES OF OFFICERS

LONDON, September 26 (7:55 P. M.).—A casualty list, received from the British general headquarters in the field under date of September 22, gives the names of thirty-five officers killed, ninety-five wounded and fifteen missing. The wounded officers include Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Benson, of the East Yorkshire Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel W. D. Bird, of the Royal Irish Rifles; Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Hasted, of the Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire) regiment, and Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Towsey, of the Prince of Wales's own (West Yorkshire) regiment.

The casualties in officers among the various regiments included:

The Sherwood Foresters, four officers killed and seven wounded; the Connaught Rangers, four killed and three wounded; the West Yorkshires, three killed, four wounded and eight missing; the Worcesterhire Regiment, three killed, five wounded and one missing; the Durham Light Infantry, five killed and six wounded, and the East Yorkshire, five wounded and three missing.

CONTINUE TO ASSERT

SITUATION IS FAVORABLE

VENICE, September 25 (via Paris, 9:45 P. M.).—In the absence of any definite war news from Gallia or Serbia, Vienna newspapers continue to assert that the military situation in both theatres of war is favorable to Austria.

STRICT SANITARY MEASURES STARTED

ROME, September 26 (via Paris, 7:25 P. M.).—The Italian government has instituted strict sanitary measures, with respect to all persons arriving from Austria, because of the reported prevalence of Asiatic cholera there.

HOSPITAL STAFF LEFT

BEHIND BY GERMAN

PARIS, September 26.—The Germans in retreating from Beronne left behind a hospital staff of twenty surgeons, seventy women nurses, and 120 male nurses, a Protestant pastor, Dominican priest and several deaconesses. Each of the women nurses carried a pistol. When the chief surgeon was reminded that this was contrary to Red Cross regulations, he explained that the women had been given arms "to make their persons respected."

UNHESTITATING SUPPORT FOR ENGLAND PLEDGED

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

MELBOURNE, September 26.—Unhesitating support for England was pledged on behalf of Australia to-night by Premier Fisher, in a speech at the Sydney conference of the Australian people. The Premier said he was sure the people of Australia would rather be dead than under the dominion of any nation but England, and would send as many men as might be necessary to insure victory.

"The question of expense will not be thought of," he said, "and I am sure that 99 per cent of Australia's men and women agree with me that even if it perishes, it will be in a worthy cause, and we will go even unto death, if necessary, to leave behind us an honorable name and an untarnished record of loyalty."

Kaiser Reported In

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TIMES-DISPATCH

COPENHAGEN, September 26.—Emperor William is reported to have entered into a violent quarrel with the Crown Prince, who is said to be obtaining here as to the cause. It is declared, however, that the Emperor is deeply grieved over the progress of campaign in France, which he considers a disgraceful fiasco.

PRINCE TROUBETSKOI

NEW YORK AND WIFE ARRIVE

NEW YORK, September 26.—The steamer Duca d'Aosta arrived to-night from Mediterranean ports, bringing 14 cabin and 118 steerage passengers. Most of the cabin passengers were American. Count Macchi di Celli, the new Italian ambassador to the United States, Prince Troubetzkoi and Amelle River, his wife, were on board.

EXPLAINS POSITION ON CONTRABAND OF WAR

LONDON, September 26 (6:08 P. M.).—The British government is making its position clearer as to what is regarded as contraband of war. Foodstuffs consigned to neutral countries accessible to Germany will not be permitted to enter unless the government is assured England is not intended to replace other supplies destined for Germany. England, however, desires that neutral countries shall have an adequate food supply for their own people.

FLEETS BOMBARDING

ROME, September 26 (via London, 4:23 P. M.).—The fleets of Great Britain and France are to-day bombarding heavily all the Austrian fortified positions in the vicinity of Cattaro in Balkanias.

A wireless dispatch received from the commandant of the French fleet announces that the powerful Austrian fortress of Pelagos has been dismantled.

SOLDIERS FROM CANADA

WILL EMBARK TO-DAY

QUEBEC, September 26.—Thirty-three thousand men—the first Canadian contribution to the fighting force of England—are encamped on the plains of Valcartier, ten miles from Quebec, and will embark for England to-morrow. Twenty transports, being loaded to-day from the Gulf of St. Lawrence, with tons of supplies and thousands of horses, and a cruiser convoy of twelve warships is waiting outside to conduct the transport fleet across the Atlantic.

At least fifteen giant 4.7 guns and 250 light cannon are in the armament of the embarking troops. Among the regiments is that of "Princess Patricia's Light Infantry," named for Princess Patricia of Connaught. Others are the Seaforth Highlanders, from Vancouver, and the Royal Canadian Dragoons.

As soon as the contingent is dispatched, another, numbering 25,000 men, will be put into training at Camp Valcartier.

GERMAN GENERAL STAFF

REPORTS ON OPERATIONS

LONDON, September 26 (9:40 P. M.).—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Central News says:

"The German general staff, in its re-



The resurrection of the once powerful merchant marine of Uncle Sam is one of the results of the war in which the nation's efforts are involved.

The upper photo shows the Old Glory being raised at New Orleans on the steamship Cartago, of the United Fruit Line, which has the distinction of being the first shipping line to take advantage of the new mercantile laws.

The lower photo shows the salute to Old Glory as it is being raised on the Cartago, the first ship registered in the new merchant marine.

port on the battle in France, states that operations on the extreme right wing have led to fresh engagements, which have not ended.

"On the centre there has been no change."

Port Camp de Domains at St. Mihiel, south of Verdun, has been taken by the Germans and the German flag has been hoisted upon it. The German troops have passed the Meuse.

There has been no further change on the western or eastern battlefields.

RECEIVES HIS ANSWER FROM CANNON'S MOUTH

NISL, SEPT. 26 (via London, 6:05 P. M.).—According to reports reaching here from Belgrade, when a representative of the Austrian commander, bearing a white flag, was admitted to the presence of the Serbian commander with the demand for the surrender of the capital, the Serbian officer replied:

"Return to your camp and in three hours you will receive my answer from the cannon's mouth."

Three hours later a Serbian battery plied fire on the Austrian positions across the Danube.

JAPANESE TROOPS

MAKING PROGRESS

PEKING, September 25 (1:15 A. M.).—Japanese troops operating against the German concession of Kiauchau are making progress in the direction of Pang-Tse, fifteen miles south of Wei Hsien, according to advices received here from the Province of Shan Tung.

GIVEN UP TO DIE

A Well Known Newspaper Man Was Given Only Six Days to Live; Relieved by the United System in Less Than Two Months.

In July Mr. H. J. Hyslop, formerly agent for the Virginian Pilot, came to the office of the United Doctors. He was totally discouraged. He had been to see a physician, who claimed that he had an ulcer of the stomach.

Mr. Hyslop had already been through sixteen operations in the past year and a half, and felt that he would soon die as to go through another one. He came to see these Specialists through the advice of one of his friends that was being benefited. When the doctor said that he could relieve his sufferings, Mr. Hyslop was very skeptical, but decided to take a chance. He is now glad of it, and writes feelingly as follows:

United Doctors, Norfolk, Va.

Gentlemen,—In July, when I came to your office, I never thought that I would feel as well as I do to-day. I had just come from a doctor's office, and had been told that I had another ulcer forming in my stomach. I had just had two removed a short time before; in fact, I had had sixteen operations in the last year and a half, and felt that I had had my share. I consulted you on the advice of a friend. I started your treatment in a very skeptical manner, but have since been very much pleased with the results derived from same, and will certainly recommend you to all that call on me.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) H. J. HYSLOP.

Thirty-eighth Street, Lambert's Point.

These United Doctors receive letters like the above almost every day from their grateful patients. There are a vast number of people given up that could be saved by the proper methods, and there are a vast number that are operated upon that can be cured by the United System. Call and see them before submitting to the knife. It will cost you nothing for consultation or examination. They treat all chronic diseases of the Stomach, Nerves, Heart, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Rheumatism, Gout, Goitre, Eczema, Rupture, Piles and Diseases of MEN and WOMEN.

EVERYBODY NEEDS PURE, RICH BLOOD

Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the intestines, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia.

Pure blood is required by every organ of the body for the proper performance of its functions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and this is why it is so successful in the treatment of so many diseases and ailments. It acts directly on the blood, ridding it of acridities and other humors. It is a peculiar combination of blood-purifying, nerve-toning, strength-giving substances. Get it to-day—Advertisement.

POLK MILLER'S LIVER PILLS

Cure Constipation Headache Biliousness

Drug and Grocery Stores 10¢ per BOX.

POLK MILLER DRUG CO. RICHMOND, VA.



Comparing Time

There is a lot of satisfaction in comparing time when you have a good watch. Let us show you what a fine watch we can give for a little money. They are guaranteed.

"The Diamond Merchant."

J. S. JAMES

Jeweler and Optician.

Seventh and Main Sts.

Musical Merit at Moderate Price---

Musicians—amateur and professional—concede the superiority of tone and construction that has made "A Piano from the Corley Company" a synonym of superlative quality. Here you will find

12 Makes of World Wide Reputation

each, the best obtainable at or near the price. Test the truth of these statements to-morrow by a personal demonstration. We'll arrange terms to suit if desired.

Sale of Used Player-Music

2 lots of slightly used rolls marked for quick clearance at 21¢, 15¢.

All \$8-note music in excellent condition. Adapted for all styles of Player-Pianos.

Read the Corley Ads regularly. Every day is a day of opportunity at The Corley Company.

The House That Made Richmond Musical.

213 E. Broad Street, Richmond, Va.

October Records on Sale

To-morrow.

Hear the new Dance Records and latest hits.

Vietrols, \$15 to \$250.

Just what you need for the long winter evenings. Terms if desired.

Six Months Ahead!—Berry Clothes

Talk No. 3

Berry styles are not NATIONALLY marketed clothes. They do NOT have to be made up six months in advance so that the salesmen can cover the country and take orders.

The American gentleman makes his own styles. He rejects some ideas, takes up others. We are in constant touch with him—developing the models which find favor with the careful dresser.

This English model seems to be a prime favorite. Shown in smart checks, English plaids, the new black and whites, greens, browns, Oxfords, blues, Scotch chevrons.

WE GO THE PROPER LIMIT IN SWAGGERISH CLOTHES FOR YOUNG MEN.

Will you try-on the BERRY CLOTHES, \$15-\$40? Come in now for your try-on.

O. H. Berry & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1879